Research

- (a) Completed:
 - (i) Threats to Biodiversity of Coastal Wetlands of Lagos State
 The important threats identified in the study area include: Sand mining; land reclamation and uncontrolled urbanization; sewage discharge into water bodies resulting in pollution of wetlands; oil exploitation; dredging and channelization; deforestation, and obnoxious fishing.
 - (ii) Restoration of Previously Degraded Ecosystem
 Using the tool of enhancement, a small degraded wetland was restored as close as possible to its natural state. The wetland was altered to improve water flow and fish diversity at the expense of other functions.
 - (iii) Integrated approach to sustainable use of Renewable Natural Resources Conflict is the common word when two or more stake holders are dependent on a common resource and often leads to degradation of source resource. This study is was carried out to identify all stake holders of Renewable Natural Resources including sources and causes of conflict.
 - (iv) Global Warming and its Effect on Biodiversity
 That the world is heating up is a concluded fact. The effect of this warming
 on nature and her resources was studied using national parks and reserves,
 looking at past record and carrying out surveys to infer the extent of any
 change and what could be responsible for such change.

(b) In Progress:

- (i) Global Warming and its Effect on Biodiversity
 That the world is heating up is a concluded fact. The effect of this warming
 on nature and her resources is studied using national parks and reserves,
 looking at past record and carrying out surveys to infer the extent of any
 change and what could be responsible for such change.
- (ii) The Role of Wetlands in Mitigating Global Warming Wetland is known as the sponge and lungs of the environment. This study looks at some of the causes of global warming and proffering wetland functions that can minimize or eradicate them completely.
- (iii) Economics of Ecosystems and Biodiversity
 Convincing Government on the need to fund ecosystem and its resources
 mostly meets with stiff oppositions because the value of these natural
 environments and resources are not easily seen. This study attempts to put
 monetary value on the functions of these natural systems and resources.

(c) Dissertation and Thesis:

(i)	Impact of Socio-Economic Activities on Biodiversity of Coastal Wetlands of Lagos State. Ph.D. Thesis, University of Ibadan, 2000.